**Leiden website coding codebook**

**General**

* Variable names between square brackets.

1. **Identification variables**

**[ID]**

5-digit unique identification-number for each organization in the dataset.

**[Name]**

The official full name of the organization in the primary language of the website; first letters of words in caps. Add ‘the’ if this is incorporated in the official name. For instance: The National Rifle Association. Make sure that you use or check the correct spelling of the organization.

**[Englishname]**

The official full name of the organization in English, as used on its webpage, if the primary language of the website is not English.

**[Othername]**

Older official names or alternative spellings that organization had that are referenced on its website.

**[Acronym]**

The official acronyms of the organization in the included language.

**[Website]**

URL of the website of the interest organization. If the website does not exist or does not open, try to find information on other website (esp. Wikipedia) or try in another language (i.e. use Google translate). Finally, if no information at all can be found at the internet about the organization fill in data according to the name of the organization. For instance, the name American Agriculture Association consists of three indicators (i.e. it is American, it is about agriculture and it is an association) which can be coded. Use the following codes in the box:

If website available: Copy URL from website to dataset (starting with http://)

If no website is available for the organizations code: <NOWEB>

If website doesn’t work: <WEBDW>

No website but information found on wikipedia <WIKIWEB>

No website but information found elsewhere: <OWEB>

1. **Variables referring to other databases**

**[MediaMentions]**

Entities that are coded yes (1) were mentioned in one of the media sources (see separate mediafile).

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No** | 0 | 3576 | 83.71 |
| **Yes** | 1 | 696 | 16.29 |

**[MediaStatements]**

Entities that are coded yes (1) made a statement with regard to a specific policy issue.

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No** | 0 | 3890 | 91.06 |
| **Yes** | 1 | 382 | 8.94 |

**[EC]**

These organization were mentioned in interviews with EC experts (see Austrian data-files).

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No** | 0 | 3713 | 86.91 |
| **Yes** | 1 | 559 | 13.09 |

**[IG]**

These actors were identified in the interviews with organized interests (see Antwerp data-files).

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No** | 0 | 3999 | 93.61 |
| **Yes** | 1 | 273 | 6.39 |

**[EP\_population]**

These are actor in the EP registration.

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **No** | **0** | 1279 | 29.95 |
| **Yes** | **1** | 2991 | 70.05 |
| **Missing** |  | 2 |  |

1. **Territorial variables**

**[Headquarters]**

Country in which the organization’s headquarter is located. If this is unclear, see whether you can find where the secretariat is located or where the contact is directed to. If no headquarters can be located fill in <UNCLEAR>. If no information at all about the organization van be found leave the box empty. If the organization is a liaison office of another organization (e.g. the representation of the Bavarian government in Brussels), the organization is located in Brussels.

TIP: See the contact section to see where the headquarters is located.

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | <UNCLEAR> | 5 | 0.15 |
| **United Arab Emirates** | ARE | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Australia** | AUS | 4 | 0.12 |
| **Austria** | AUT | 49 | 1.48 |
| **Azerbaijan** | AZE | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Belgium** | BEL | 928 | 28.07 |
| **Bulgaria** | BGR | 6 | 0.18 |
| **Bosnia-Herzegovina** | BIH | 3 | 0.09 |
| **Belarus** | BLR | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Bermuda** | BMU | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Bolivia** | BOL | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Brazil** | BRA | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Canada** | CAN | 15 | 0.45 |
| **Switzerland** | CHE | 67 | 2.03 |
| **China** | CHN | 3 | 0.09 |
| **Côte d’Ivoire** | CIV | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Cayman Islands** | CYM | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Cyprus** | CYP | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Czech Republic** | CZE | 13 | 0.39 |
| **Germany** | DEU | 364 | 11.01 |
| **Denmark** | DNK | 35 | 1.06 |
| **Spain** | ESP | 91 | 2.75 |
| **Estonia** | EST | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Finland** | FIN | 24 | 0.73 |
| **France** | FRA | 330 | 9.98 |
| **United Kingdom** | GBR | 412 | 12.46 |
| **Guinea** | GIN | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Greece** | GRC | 13 | 0.39 |
| **Greenland** | GRL | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Hong Kong** | HKG | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Croatia** | HRV | 6 | 0.18 |
| **Hungary** | HUN | 16 | 0.48 |
| **Indonesia** | IDN | 1 | 0.03 |
| **India** | IND | 4 | 0.12 |
| **Ireland** | IRL | 19 | 0.57 |
| **Iran** | IRN | 7 | 0.21 |
| **Iceland** | ISL | 3 | 0.09 |
| **Israel** | ISR | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Italy** | ITA | 199 | 6.02 |
| **Japan** | JPN | 12 | 0.36 |
| **Kenya** | KEN | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Korea, Republic of** | KOR | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Liechtenstein** | LIE | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Lithuania** | LTU | 6 | 0.18 |
| **Luxembourg** | LUX | 21 | 0.64 |
| **Latvia** | LVA | 3 | 0.09 |
| **Mexico** | MEX | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Malta** | MLT | 3 | 0.09 |
| **Malaysia** | MYS | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Niger** | NER | 6 | 0.18 |
| **The Netherlands** | NLD | 141 | 4.26 |
| **Norway** | NOR | 13 | 0.39 |
| **New Zealand** | NZL | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Poland** | POL | 28 | 0.85 |
| **Portugal** | PRT | 11 | 0.33 |
| **Romania** | ROU | 12 | 0.36 |
| **Russia** | RUS | 4 | 0.12 |
| **Saudi Arabia** | SAU | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Sudan** | SDN | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Senegal** | SEN | 1 | 0.03 |
| **San Marino** | SMR | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Serbia** | SRB | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Slovakia** | SVK | 12 | 0.36 |
| **Slovenia** | SVN | 7 | 0.21 |
| **Sweden** | SWE | 57 | 1.72 |
| **Swaziland** | SWZ | 4 | 0.12 |
| **Thailand** | THA | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Tunisia** | TUN | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Turkey** | TUR | 12 | 0.36 |
| **Tanzania** | TZA | 1 | 0.03 |
| **Ukraine** | UKR | 2 | 0.06 |
| **United States** | USA | 297 | 8.98 |
| **Vatican City** | VAT | 1 | 0.03 |
| **South Africa** | ZAF | 2 | 0.06 |
| **Missing** |  | 966 |  |

**[Levelofmobilization]**

The options are:

1. Sub-national: Choose this option when the organization is organized at the subnational level (cities, provinces etc). For instance Flanders, Catalonia, Hamburg or the city of Strasbourg. Use B3 and B4 to provide the name of the subnational entity and the country in which it is located. Also includes non-EU regional representations such as Arkansas, the city of Geneva or Quebec. Examples (fictional): Chamber of Commerce of Arkansas, Hamburg citizens for a clean environment or the Liaison Office of the Government of Catalonia.
2. National: Choose this option when is organized at the level of a nation state. For instance Belgium or the US. Use B5 to fill in the name of the country.
3. European Union: Choose this option when the organization spans more than one member state of the European Union, but is limited to EU member states. Also choose this option when the large majority of members is EU and the organization has a couple of non-EU members (such as Turkish, Swiss or Norwegian members).
4. Non-European Multinational: Choose this option when the organization spans more than one state which includes countries that are not a member of the European Union or geographically in Europe.
5. Unknown: Choose this option if you cannot find any information regarding the level of mobilization of the interest organization.

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Sub-National** | 1 | 192 | 5.63 |
| **National** | 2 | 1239 | 36.32 |
| **European Union** | 3 | 1072 | 31.43 |
| **Non-European Multinational** | 4 | 908 | 26.62 |
| **Missing** |  | 861 |  |

**[Country]**

Choose the name of the country where the organization is mobilized.

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Australia** | AUS | 3 | 0.23 |
| **Austria** | AUT | 35 | 2.73 |
| **Azerbaijan** | AZE | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Belgium** | BEL | 134 | 10.44 |
| **Bulgaria** | BGR | 2 | 0.16 |
| **Bosnia-Herzegovina** | BIH | 2 | 0.16 |
| **Bolivia** | BOL | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Canada** | CAN | 4 | 0.31 |
| **Switzerland** | CHE | 12 | 0.93 |
| **Cayman Islands** | CYM | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Cyprus** | CYP | 2 | 0.16 |
| **Czech Republic** | CZE | 9 | 0.70 |
| **Germany** | DEU | 223 | 17.37 |
| **Denmark** | DNK | 20 | 1.56 |
| **Spain** | ESP | 70 | 5.45 |
| **Estonia** | EST | 2 | 0.16 |
| **Finland** | FIN | 17 | 1.32 |
| **France** | FRA | 137 | 10.67 |
| **United Kingdom** | GBR | 202 | 15.73 |
| **Guinea** | GIN | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Greece** | GRC | 8 | 0.62 |
| **Greenland** | GRL | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Hong Kong** | HKG | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Croatia** | HRV | 6 | 0.47 |
| **Hungary** | HUN | 11 | 0.86 |
| **India** | IND | 3 | 0.23 |
| **Ireland** | IRL | 13 | 1.01 |
| **Iran** | IRN | 5 | 0.39 |
| **Iceland** | ISL | 4 | 0.31 |
| **Italy** | ITA | 131 | 10.20 |
| **Japan** | JPN | 2 | 0.16 |
| **Liechtenstein** | LIE | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Lithuania** | LTU | 6 | 0.47 |
| **Luxembourg** | LUX | 4 | 0.31 |
| **Latvia** | LVA | 2 | 0.16 |
| **Malta** | MLT | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Malaysia** | MYS | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Niger** | NER | 2 | 0.16 |
| **The Netherlands** | NLD | 72 | 5.61 |
| **Norway** | NOR | 6 | 0.47 |
| **New Zealand** | NZL | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Poland** | POL | 23 | 1.79 |
| **Portugal** | PRT | 6 | 0.47 |
| **Romania** | ROU | 10 | 0.78 |
| **Serbia** | SRB | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Slovakia** | SVK | 9 | 0.70 |
| **Slovenia** | SVN | 6 | 0.47 |
| **Sweden** | SWE | 33 | 2.57 |
| **Tunisia** | TUN | 1 | 0.08 |
| **Turkey** | TUR | 4 | 0.31 |
| **Ukraine** | UKR | 1 | 0.08 |
| **United States** | USA | 31 | 2.41 |
| **Missing** |  | 2988 |  |

**[Region]**

Broad regional categories

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Not Available** | #N/A | 2 | 0.16 |
| **East** | east | 86 | 6.68 |
| **Outside** | outside | 58 | 4.51 |
| **South** | south | 223 | 17.33 |
| **West** | west | 918 | 71.33 |
| **Missing** |  | 2985 |  |

**[Overallorgtype]**

Concise variable differentiating between different types of organizations

1. **Business:** Organization which are involved in economic activities with the aim of making profit
2. **Labour:** Organizations representing the interests of – organized - workers, such as labour unions
3. **NGO:** Non governmental organizations, indifferent of the domain in which they are active
4. **Institution:** Semi-public organizations usually, which fulfill a public role and which do not have profit as their first goal, but which do not have the legal status of an NGO. E.g. hospitals, universities.
5. **Public authority:** A public institution which is (in)directly accountable to an electorate, and which is an integral part of the local/national administration
6. **Mixed category:** If an organization belongs n different categories, use this code
7. **Unkown:** If it is unclear in which category belongs, use this code

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Business** | **1** | 1973 | 58.81 |
| **Labour** | **2** | 100 | 2.98 |
| **NGO** | **3** | 534 | 15.92 |
| **Institution** | **4** | 537 | 16.01 |
| **Public authority** | **5** | 135 | 4.02 |
| **Mixed category** | **6** | 64 | 1.91 |
| **Unknown** | **7** | 12 | 0.36 |
| **Missing** |  | 917 |  |

**[Actortype]**

**1 Citizen groups**

Associations where members/supporters have a selective interest in group goals (not work related), or share a common sport/leisure, or where members/supporters have no selective interest in group goals, but work for the protection of the environment, human rights, development, integration, peace, etc. These are citizen, ideological or cause-oriented groups (NGOs). E.g. identity groups (sexual minorities, migrants, ethnic minorities...), diffuse interests, solidarity groups, public interest groups, environment and animal welfare groups, humanitarian groups, consumer groups, social welfare groups, other public interest groups. Examples are Diakonies, Caritas, and Red Cross.

**2 Trade union**

traditional employee organizations. Associations of employees negotiating work-related terms and conditions

**3 Professional associations**

Associations of employees/professionals not negotiating terms and condition in negotiations with employers but organizing practitioners of a certain profession. E.g. doctors, lawyers, teachers, architects. Membership or allegiance is professionally/occupation-based (however a labour union of teachers does not belong here; belongs to 2)

**4 Business associations**

Associations of firms, this category is further subdivided in

**41 peak business associations  
42 sectoral business associations**

**5 Firm**

For profit corporation. Further specify this category if you are dealing with a lobby firm:

**51 consulting/lobby firm**

Law firms, lobbying firms, consulting companies.

**6 Research institute**

Focus on research and expertise regarding public policy; knowledge production. This category includes universities and research centres as well as think-tanks.

**7 Institution**

public-private entities with public funtions. Includes churches, hospitals, foundations, charities.

**(8 national institutions of EU countries)  
81 parliament** (incl. single parliamentarians, committees, chambers and working groups) **82 National parties  
83 governments and related** (incl. ministries, governmental commissions and committees)  
**84 sub-national authorities  
85 regulatory agency**

**86 other national institutions  
  
(9 European institution)**

**91 European Parliament** (including EP committees)  
**92 European political parties  
93 European Commission** (including individual DGs)  
**93 Council of Ministers  
94 European Council  
95 regulatory agency**

**96 other EU-level actors**

**10 Courts**

**11 Foreign public authority**

Governments, legislatures, parties, subnational entities etc. of third countries e.g. Switzerland or the US state of Ohio

**12 Intergovernmental organizations**

**13 Other**

| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **1** | 417 | 10.49 |
| **2** | 59 | 1.48 |
| **3** | 160 | 4.02 |
| **4** | 23 | 0.58 |
| **41** | 127 | 3.19 |
| **42** | 674 | 16.95 |
| **5** | 1182 | 29.72 |
| **51** | 1 | 0.03 |
| **6** | 161 | 4.05 |
| **7** | 423 | 10.64 |
| **81** | 10 | 0.25 |
| **82** | 22 | 0.55 |
| **83** | 85 | 2.14 |
| **84** | 308 | 7.74 |
| **85** | 25 | 0.63 |
| **86** | 90 | 2.26 |
| **9** | 1 | 0.03 |
| **91** | 9 | 0.23 |
| **92** | 7 | 0.18 |
| **93** | 20 | 0.50 |
| **94** | 1 | 0.03 |
| **95** | 8 | 0.20 |
| **96** | 39 | 0.98 |
| **10** | 2 | 0.05 |
| **11** | 18 | 0.45 |
| **12** | 48 | 1.21 |
| **13** | 15 | 0.38 |
| **14** | 42 | 1.06 |
| **Missing** | 295 |  |

**[Actortype2]**

| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **0** | 1465 | 34.31 |
| **1** | 417 | 9.77 |
| **2** | 219 | 5.13 |
| **3** | 824 | 19.30 |
| **4** | 1184 | 27.73 |
| **5** | 161 | 3.77 |
| **Missing** | 2 |  |

1. **Organizational variables**

This variable describes the structure of an organization in terms of type of membership and the internal working of the organization. You can make a distinction between several types of organizations. The types are divided between major categories and in some case a selection of sub-categories.

You can choose between three major categories, which include several sub-categories. The major categories consists of first line membership organizations, which have a direct membership; second line membership organizations which have membership organizations as their members, and; organizations without members. The subcategories are listed below.

Note: in the dataset you can choose up to three organizational formats for the organization you are coding. So, if an organization has both companies and individuals as members, you need to mark the organization as both “membership companies” and “membership individual”.

TIP: Almost all information can be found in the 'about'-section. Also you might check the 'members'-section to see which types of members the organization has.

***First line membership organization***

1. Membership companies: This is an organization that has business companies (for profit) as members. For instance the Association of Car Manufacturers.
2. Membership public authorities: this is an organization that has public authorities as members, i.e. authorities that are part of the political system. These are entities that are directly accountable to the electorate or to elected representatives. These are cities, provinces, mayors, etc. Not included are organizations that are part of the bureaucracy such as hospitals, police forces, or schools. These are called institutions.
3. Membership institutions: this is an organization that has non-profit institutions as its members. Institutions are organizations without members such as hospitals, universities, etcetera. These are mainly organizations in the public sector or the semi-public sector.

Membership individuals: This is an organization that has individuals as members or contributors. Most NGOs and trade unions (but not all) fall in this category. There are three different types of organizations with individual as members.

1. Members: in this case members do have a say in the organization, for instance by voting for the course of the organization or the selection of the board of directors. These members are member. This organization is not a professional organization. This includes patient groups, labour unions, elderly organizations and environmental groups.
2. Contributors: the members of these organizations only pay money, but in return do not have any formal say in the organization. For instance Greenpeace is such an organization.
3. Professionals: in this case members do have a say in the organization, for instance by voting for the course of the organization or the selection of the board of directors. These members are member because of their affiliation with a particular profession (doctors etc.)

***Second line membership organizations***

1. Association of membership companies: this is the umbrella organization of several membership companies’ organizations. For instance the International Association of Car Manufacturers, which has the associations of car manufacturers of several countries as their members, or the Chambers of Commerce in countries.
2. Association of membership individuals (citizens, donors and professionals): this is the umbrella organizations of membership individuals. For instance the International Trade Union Associations which includes most trade unions of the world.
3. Association of membership public authorities: this is the umbrella organization of public authorities associations. For instance the International Association of Cities.
4. Association of membership institutions: this is the umbrella organizations of membership institutions organizations. For instance the International Association of Hospitals.

***No membership organizations***

1. Lobby firm: this is an organization specifically designed to lobby and as such does not defend an interest of themselves.
2. Business/company. Organization, which aims to gain a profit, but is not a lobby firm.
3. Institutions: this is a non-profit organization that does not have members. This includes hospitals, universities, research institutions, etcetera. These are mainly organizations in the public sector or the semi-public sector.
4. Public Authority: authorities that are part of the political system. These are entities that are directly accountable to the electorate or to elected representatives. These are cities, provinces, mayors, etc. Not included are organizations that are part of the bureaucracy such as hospitals, police forces, or schools. These are called institutions.

1. Other: all not included in the above. Make a note of the actual organizational type in the comment box.

**[Membershipstructure1]**

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Membership companies** | 1 | 512 | 15.01 |
| **Membership public authorities** | 2 | 41 | 1.20 |
| **Membership institutions** | 3 | 119 | 3.49 |
| **Members** | 4 | 136 | 3.99 |
| **Contributors** | 5 | 114 | 3.34 |
| **Professionals** | 6 | 141 | 4.13 |
| **Association of membership companies** | 7 | 309 | 9.06 |
| **Association of membership individuals (citizens, donors and professionals)** | 8 | 134 | 3.93 |
| **Association of membership public authorities** | 9 | 29 | 0.85 |
| **Association of membership institutions** | 10 | 116 | 3.40 |
| **Lobby firm** | 11 | 57 | 1.67 |
| **Business/company** | 12 | 1091 | 31.98 |
| **Institutions** | 13 | 437 | 12.81 |
| **Public Authority** | 14 | 159 | 4.66 |
| **Other** | 15 | 17 | 0.50 |
| **Missing** |  | 860 |  |

**[Membershipstructure2]**

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Membership companies** | 1 | 58 | 11.60 |
| **Membership public authorities** | 2 | 19 | 3.80 |
| **Membership institutions** | 3 | 41 | 8.20 |
| **Members** | 4 | 25 | 5.00 |
| **Contributors** | 5 | 51 | 10.20 |
| **Professionals** | 6 | 52 | 10.40 |
| **Association of membership companies** | 7 | 100 | 20.00 |
| **Association of membership individuals (citizens, donors and professionals)** | 8 | 42 | 8.40 |
| **Association of membership public authorities** | 9 | 13 | 2.60 |
| **Association of membership institutions** | 10 | 65 | 13.00 |
| **Lobby firm** | 11 | 5 | 1.00 |
| **Business/company** | 12 | 7 | 1.40 |
| **Institutions** | 13 | 15 | 3.00 |
| **Public Authority** | 14 | 5 | 1.00 |
| **Other** | 15 | 2 | 0.40 |
| **Missing** |  | 3772 |  |

**[Membershipstructure3]**

| **Labels** | **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Membership companies** | 1 | 8 | 7.62 |
| **Membership public authorities** | 2 | 5 | 4.76 |
| **Membership institutions** | 3 | 7 | 6.67 |
| **Members** | 4 | 6 | 5.71 |
| **Contributors** | 5 | 9 | 8.57 |
| **Professionals** | 6 | 16 | 15.24 |
| **Association of membership companies** | 7 | 9 | 8.57 |
| **Association of membership individuals (citizens, donors and professionals)** | 8 | 8 | 7.62 |
| **Association of membership public authorities** | 9 | 4 | 3.81 |
| **Association of membership institutions** | 10 | 24 | 22.86 |
| **Business/company** | 12 | 1 | 0.95 |
| **Institutions** | 13 | 6 | 5.71 |
| **Public Authority** | 14 | 2 | 1.90 |
| **Missing** |  | 4167 |  |

1. **Guild information**
2. Economic sector

D1. Economic sector 1 [ISIC primary in access]

Fill in the correct ISIC code. You can choose for each organization four economic fields of activity or interest. If an organization is active in more than one economic sector fill in ‘multiple fields of interest. This includes religious organizations (like religious hospitals) which are both religious organization and hospitals. Use this variable for **all** organizations, so also in the case of NGOs.

See: <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/cr/registry/regcst.asp?Cl=27>

*Disregard: 8412 (regulation of health care); 8413 (regulation of economy); 941 (employers’ organizations); 942 (labour unions); 9491 (political organizations); 9499 (other membership organizations), 7010 (activities of head offices).*

D2. Economic sector 2 [ISIC 2-digit in access]

If necessary fill in a second ISIC code the organization is active in.

D3. Economic sector 3 [ISIC 3-digit in access]

If necessary fill in a third ISIC code the organization is active in.

D4. Economic sector 4 [ISIC 4-digit in access]

If necessary fill in a fourth ISIC code the organization is active in.

D5. Actual name of sector [actual sector in access]

Fill in the actual name of the economic sector. Do this always, also in the case when you were able to find a proper ISIC code.

**[ISIC1]**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| **7020** | 285 | 9.73 |
| **7210** | 117 | 4 |
| **6910** | *99* | *3.38* |
| **9411** | 80 | 2.73 |
| **3510** | 72 | 2.46 |
| **6430** | 71 | 2.42 |
| **6399** | 67 | 2.29 |
| **6419** | 66 | 2.25 |
| **8411** | 66 | 2.25 |
| **8530** | 65 | 2.22 |

**[ISIC2]**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| **7210** | 71 | 6.8 |
| **7220** | 34 | 3.26 |
| **6399** | 26 | 2.49 |
| **7020** | 23 | 2.2 |
| **6430** | 18 | 1.72 |
| **7110** | 16 | 1.53 |
| **3520** | 15 | 1.44 |
| **6512** | 15 | 1.44 |
| **7490** | 13 | 1.25 |
| **6202** | 12 | 1.15 |

**[ISIC3]**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Values** | Frequency | Percent |
| **7220** | 20 | 5.46 |
| **7210** | 8 | 2.19 |
| **7490** | 8 | 2.19 |
| **7120** | 7 | 1.91 |
| **2930** | 6 | 1.64 |
| **6399** | 6 | 1.64 |
| **6630** | 6 | 1.64 |
| **7020** | 6 | 1.64 |
| **6020** | 5 | 1.37 |
| **7320** | 5 | 1.37 |

**[ISIC4]**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Values** | Frequency | Percent |
| **7210** | 4 | 8.16 |
| **2651** | 2 | 4.08 |
| **3822** | 2 | 4.08 |

Other values only appear once.

1. Social Sector

For organizations that cannot be uniquely identified with an ISIC code check whether they fit in any of these categories.

10 Development

20 Poverty reduction

30 Human rights: an organization that advocates human rights both nationally and internationally

31 - Indigenous, ethnic, linguistic rights: an organization that represents native ethnic and linguistic minorities (such as Frisians);

32 - Gender: an organization that represents women’s rights and lesbians, gays, bisexuals and transgenders

33 - Religious

34 - Democracy / Civil Society

35 - Migrant: an organization that represents migrants, including asylum seekers and migrants groups.

40 Labour: an organization that represents workers, especially in collective bargaining with employers

50 Human health

60 Consumer: an organization that represents consumers

70 Environment/animals: an organization that advocates environmental protection, including animal welfare, environment, nature conservation;

71 - Renewable Energy

72 - Nuclear Energy

73 - Nature conservation

74 - Animals

75 - Pollution

76 - Other environment

80 Employers’ organization: an organization that represents employers, especially in collective bargaining with labour unions;

81 Producers’ organization: an organization that represents business in one sector and that is not occupied with collective bargaining

90 Multiple Fields of Interest

91 Other/unclear

**[Socsector1]**

| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | 1 | 0.09 |
| **10** | 65 | 5.54 |
| **20** | 21 | 1.79 |
| **30** | 109 | 9.28 |
| **31** | 13 | 1.11 |
| **32** | 17 | 1.45 |
| **33** | 40 | 3.41 |
| **34** | 63 | 5.37 |
| **35** | 29 | 2.47 |
| **40** | 61 | 5.20 |
| **50** | 110 | 9.37 |
| **60** | 38 | 3.24 |
| **7** | 1 | 0.09 |
| **70** | 61 | 5.20 |
| **71** | 19 | 1.62 |
| **72** | 4 | 0.34 |
| **73** | 20 | 1.70 |
| **74** | 34 | 2.90 |
| **75** | 11 | 0.94 |
| **76** | 9 | 0.77 |
| **80** | 36 | 3.07 |
| **81** | 333 | 28.36 |
| **90** | 34 | 2.90 |
| **91** | 45 | 3.83 |
| **Missing** | 3098 |  |

**[Socsector2]**

| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **0** | 1 | 0.55 |
| **10** | 10 | 5.49 |
| **20** | 24 | 13.19 |
| **30** | 15 | 8.24 |
| **31** | 6 | 3.30 |
| **33** | 7 | 3.85 |
| **34** | 20 | 10.99 |
| **35** | 5 | 2.75 |
| **40** | 5 | 2.75 |
| **50** | 15 | 8.24 |
| **60** | 8 | 4.40 |
| **70** | 7 | 3.85 |
| **71** | 3 | 1.65 |
| **72** | 2 | 1.10 |
| **73** | 10 | 5.49 |
| **74** | 16 | 8.79 |
| **75** | 7 | 3.85 |
| **76** | 7 | 3.85 |
| **80** | 2 | 1.10 |
| **81** | 7 | 3.85 |
| **90** | 5 | 2.75 |
| **Missing** | 4090 |  |

**[Socsector3]**

| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **10** | 3 | 7.32 |
| **20** | 3 | 7.32 |
| **30** | 5 | 12.20 |
| **32** | 2 | 4.88 |
| **34** | 3 | 7.32 |
| **40** | 1 | 2.44 |
| **50** | 3 | 7.32 |
| **60** | 1 | 2.44 |
| **70** | 3 | 7.32 |
| **73** | 3 | 7.32 |
| **74** | 1 | 2.44 |
| **75** | 8 | 19.51 |
| **76** | 5 | 12.20 |
| **Missing** | 4231 |  |

**[Socsector4]**

| **Values** | **Frequency** | **Percent** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **30** | 59 | 27.19 |
| **31** | 6 | 2.76 |
| **32** | 7 | 3.23 |
| **33** | 1 | 0.46 |
| **40** | 23 | 10.60 |
| **60** | 4 | 1.84 |
| **70** | 16 | 7.37 |
| **75** | 2 | 0.92 |
| **76** | 1 | 0.46 |
| **80** | 5 | 2.30 |
| **81** | 41 | 18.89 |
| **90** | 5 | 2.30 |
| **91** | 47 | 21.66 |
| **Missing** | 4055 |  |

1. **Final matters**

**[Staffsize]**

These are the staff numbers as indicated on the website. Missing values. DISCLAIMER: be careful as this part of the data has not been carefully checked.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Minimum** | 0 |
| **Q1** | 7 |
| **Q2** | 32 |
| **Q3** | 3000 |
| **Maximum** | 519671 |